

PRODUCT SAFETY DATA SHEET PRODUCTS: DAN M3/MR3/ML3/W3/WR3/WL3

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION		
PRODUCT NAME	Marine Safety Light Systems DAN M3/MR3/ML3/W3/WR3/WL3	
MANUFACTURERS NAME	DANIAMANT A/S	
ADDRESS TELEPHONE NO. FAX NO.	Industrivej 24C, DK-3550 Slangerup, Denmark. +45 47 37 38 00 +45 47 37 38 09	
EMERGENCY NOS.	FOR CHEMICAL EMERGENCY, SPILL, LEAK, FIRE EXPOSURE OR ACCIDENT CALL CHEMTREC DAY OR NIGHT:	
	00 1 703 527 3887 (SHIPMENT TO AND FROM USA) (CHEMTREC OFFICE)	
	800 424 9300 (INTERNAL N.AMERICA MOVEMENTS) (CHEMTREC OFFICE)	
	D806 CHEMTREC COMPANY CODE 205617 COMPANY NUMBER	
DESCRIPTION	Lithium powered marine safety light systems are designed to be stored for up to five years before use. The battery cells are hermetically sealed. Pressurised primary lithium/sulphur dioxide and as supplied are electronically protected by a fuse and from external environment by a moulded plastic casing. In this state the units constitute no definable hazard to health. However disassembly, abuse or destruction of the battery cell will expose the contents and the following Health and Safety Hazards.	

		: INFORMATION	N OF INGREDIENT	rs	
	CAS NUMBER	EC Number	% OPTIONAL	OSHA/PEL	ACGIH TLV
Carbon Black	1333-86-4	215-609-9	2.25%		
Lithium Metal	7439-93-2	231-102-5	3.24%	N/A	N/A
Manganese Dioxide	1313-13-9	215-202-6	40.56%	5 mg/m3	5 mg/m3
Propylene Carbonate	108-32-7	203-572-1	6.75%	N/A	N/A
1.2 Dimethoxyethane	110-71-4	203-794-9	5.78%	N/A	N/A
Lithium Perchlorate	7791-03-9	232-237-2	1.53%	N/A	N/A
Tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	203-726-8	5.89%	200 ppm	200 ppm
			properties of indust	trial materials.	

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SECTION 3: HAZARD IDENTIFICATION			
LITHIUM METAL:	This is flammable when in contact with water. It reacts violently to produce hydrogen and lithium hydroxide. Use only soda ash, sodium chloride or graphite to extinguish flames.		
MANGANESE DIOXIDE:	Poison by intravenous and intratracheal routes moderately toxic by subcutaneous route. Experimental reproductive effects. A powerful oxidiser, flammable by chemical reaction. Must not be heated or rubbed in contact with easily oxidizable matter.		
1.2 Dimethoxyethane:	Experimental teratogen. Other experimental reproduction effects readily forms an explosive peroxide. A very dangerous fire hazard when exposed to flame, heat or oxidisers. When heated to decomposition it emits acrid smoke and fumes.		
Lithium Perchlorate	Moderately toxic. Skin, eye and mucous membrane irritant an oxidiser which is incompatible with nitromethane acetone hydrogen and oxygen. When heated to decomposition it emits very toxic fumes.		

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES		
EYES:	Irrigate thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention.	
INHALATION:	Remove from exposure, rest and keep warm. In severe cases, or if exposure has been great, obtain medical attention.	
SKIN:	Drench the skin thoroughly with water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Unless contact has been slight, obtain medical attention.	
INGESTION:	Wash out mouth thoroughly with water and give plenty of water to drink. Obtain medical attention.	
FURTHER TREATMENT:	All cases of eye contamination, persistent skin irritation and casualties who have swallowed this substance or been affected by breathing its vapours should be seen by a doctor.	
EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID PROCEDURES:	If cell vents, personnel should be evacuated from contaminated areas. Other materials are either inert or have low hazard associated with their exposure.	

SECTION 5: FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

If cells are directly involved in fire, DO NOT USE SAND, DRY POWDER OR SODA ASH, GRAPHITE, METAL CLASS D EXTINGUISHERS OR A FIRE BLANKET. Copious quantities of a water based foam is the only recommended extinguishing media for fires involving cells. If a fire is in an adjacent area, and cells are packed in their original containers, the fire can be fought based on fuelling material e.g. paper and plastic products. Avoid fume inhalation.

In the case where significant quantities of Lithium / Manganese Dioxide batteries have been involved in a fire, account must be taken of the possibility that flammable gases might be evolved should water come into contact with the cold battery residues. These gases might include Acetylene, Hydrogen and Cyanide. It is recommended that ventilation should be maximised should this scenario be realised.

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Copious quantities of a water based foam.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Do not breathe vapours or touch liquid with bare hands. If the skin has come into contact with the electrolyte it should be washed thoroughly with water. Earth or sand should be used to absorb the exudation, seal leaking battery and earth in a heavy-duty polythene bag and dispose of as special waste.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handle and store in cool, well-ventilated area. Keep out of direct sunlight.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION		
HANDLING:	Do not short circuit or expose to temperatures above the temperature rating of the battery. Do not recharge, over-discharge, force discharge, immerse, puncture or crush.	
STORAGE:	Store in a cool place but prevent condensation on cells and batteries. Elevated temperatures can result in shortened battery life and degrade performance. Do not store batteries in high humidity environments for long periods. External corrosion of the Nickle plated can and tags could result in the formation of toxic metal salts. Avoid ingestion, observe personal hygiene was hands after contact.	

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES		
APPEARANCE	Light in a plastic housing.	
ODOUR:	If leaking, smells of medical ether.	
STABILITY IN WATER:	Product is waterproof.	
REACTION WITH WATER:	Only if damaged.	
FLASH POINT:	Not applicable unless individual components exposed.	
FLAMMABILITY:	Not applicable unless individual components exposed.	
RELATIVE DENSITY:	Not applicable unless individual components exposed.	
SOLUBILITY IN WATER:	Not applicable unless individual components exposed.	
SOLUBILITY OTHER:	Not applicable unless individual components exposed.	

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY		
Hazardous materials are housed within a hermetically sealed unit, under normal conditions this unit is Non-Hazardous.		
HAZARDOUS REACTIONS	Lithium metal reacts with water to produce highly flammable gasses.	
HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION REACTIONS	Toxic fumes and may form peroxides.	

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION		
SIGNS & SYMPTOMS	NONE, unless battery ruptures. In the event of exposure to internal contents, corrosive fumes will be very irritating to skin, eyes and mucous membranes. Over-exposure can cause symptoms of non-fibrotic lung injury and membrane irritation.	
INHALATION	Lung irritation.	
SKIN CONTACT	Skin irritation.	
EYE CONTACT	Eye irritation.	
INGESTION	Poisoning if swallowed.	
MEDICAL CONDITIONS GENERALLY AGGREVATED BY EXPOSURE.	In the event of exposure to internal contents, eczema, skin allergies, lung injuries, asthma and other respiratory disorders may occur.	

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION		
MAMMALIAN EFFECTS	None known if used / disposed of correctly.	
ECO-TOXICITY	None known if used / disposed of correctly.	
BIOACCUMULATION POTENTIAL	Slowly bio-degradable.	
ENVIRONMENTAL FATE	None known if used / disposed of correctly.	

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL		
DISPOSAL	DO NOT INCINERATE or subject cells to temperatures in excess of 90°C. Such abuse can result in loss of seal, leakage, and/or cell explosion. Dispose only through a recognised disposer. DO NOT ATTEMPT TO DISMANTLE THIS PRODUCT.	

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION		
UN Hazard Code	Class 9	
UN Number	3091	
UN Proper Shipping Name	Lithium Metal Batteries Contained in Equipment.	
IATA Packing Instructions for air	970, Section II	
IMDG Packing instructions for road and sea	Special Provision 188 & 230	
Lithium Content	0.54g (≤ 1 gram lithium metal cell)	
Total Battery Weight	28g (Weight of Individual Cell 28g)	
Labelling	As per IATA, IMDG & ADR requirements - Precautionary label	
Battery Test Criteria	Tested to UN ST/SG/AC.10/11/Rev.5/Amend.1 Criteria III Section 38.3. (Test Certificate available on request). Each cell and battery incorporates a safety venting device. Each cell and battery is equipped with an effective means of preventing external short circuits and reverse current flow.	

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION			
Classification	Class 9		
Hazard Symbol	N/A		
Risk Phrases	R8 R11 R14/15 R17 R19 R20 R22 R34 R36/37/38 R41	Contact with combustible material may cause fire. Highly flammable. Reacts violently with water liberating extremely flammable gasses. Spontaneously flammable in air. May form explosive peroxides. Harmful by inhalation. Harmful if swallowed. Causes burns. Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin. Risk of serious damage to the eyes.	
Safety Phrases	\$1/2 \$8 \$16 \$17 \$24/25 \$26/27 \$29 \$33 \$36 \$37 \$38 \$43 \$45	Keep locked up and out of the reach of children. Keep away from moisture. Keep away from sources of ignition – no smoking. Keep away from combustible material. When using do not eat drink or smoke. In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water. Do not empty into drains. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Wear suitable protective clothing. Wear suitable gloves. In case of insufficient ventilation wear suitable respiratory equipment. In case of fire, see fire fighting precautions. In case of incident, seek medical attention.	

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